

Tutorial n°2
Sets, Relations and Functions

Exercise 1

1/ We consider the following sets :

$$A = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{Z}, |x - 1| < \frac{3}{2} \right\}, \quad B = \{3, 4\}, \quad C = \left\{ x \in \mathbb{N}, \frac{2x + 3}{2} \leq 4 \right\}, \\ D = \{0, 1, 2, 5\}, \quad E = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}.$$

1. Describe the sets A and C using Roster method.
2. Determine which of these sets are equal or subsets of which other of these sets.
3. Determine the cardinality of A and B , then conclude the cardinality of $A \times B$ and $\mathcal{P}(A)$.
4. Find $A \cap B$, $A \cup B$, $C \setminus E$, $\mathcal{C}_D(A)$, $A \times B$ and $\mathcal{P}(A)$.

2/ Let $A =] - \infty, 1[\cup] 2, +\infty[$, $B =] - \infty, 1[$ and $C =] 2, +\infty[$.

Find $\mathcal{C}_{\mathbb{R}}(A)$ and $\mathcal{C}_{\mathbb{R}}(B) \cap \mathcal{C}_{\mathbb{R}}(C)$. What can you conclude?

Exercise 2

Let $A, B, C \in \mathcal{P}(E)$ and $f : E \rightarrow F$ be a function, prove the following

1/ $A \subseteq B \implies f(A) \subseteq f(B)$

2/ $\begin{cases} A \subseteq B \\ \wedge \\ B \cap C = \emptyset \end{cases} \implies A \cap C = \emptyset$ (proof by contradiction)

Exercise 3

Let \mathcal{R} be the relation defined on \mathbb{Z} by : $\forall n, m \in \mathbb{Z}, n \mathcal{R} m \iff \exists k \in \mathbb{Z}, n - m = 3k$

1. Determine whether \mathcal{R} is reflexive? symmetric? antisymmetric? transitive?
What can you conclude ?
2. Find the equivalence classes $\mathcal{C}(2)$ and $\mathcal{C}(5)$.

Exercise 4

Let $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function defined by $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 5$

1/ Find $f^{-1}(\{5\})$

2/ Is f injective ?

3/ Prove that $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, f(x) \geq 1$

4/ Is f surjective ?

5/ Let $g :] - \infty, 2] \rightarrow [1, +\infty[$ be a function defined by $g(x) = f(x)$

- Prove that g is bijective, and find g^{-1} .