Practical work of Cellular Biology

$PW\ N^\circ$ 03: Animal and Plant cells

Objectives:

- > Recognize the two types of eukaryotic cell.
- > List the different components of eukaryotic cells.
- > Observe and differentiate between animal and plant cells.

A) Observation of plant cells with methylene blue:

<u>Purpose:</u> Examination with methylene blue allows to observe the cell shape and some organelles (especially nucleus and cell wall).

<u>Principle:</u> a temporary stained slide mount of onion cells is observed between slide and coverslip.

Material:

- ➔ Onion bulb
- → Methylene blue stain solution
- → Glass lights and coverlips.
- → Dropper
- \rightarrow Tweezer and pin
- → Sharp razor
- ➔ Paper strips
- ➔ Glycerin
- → Compound light microscop

Technique:

- Take an outer layer of the onion bulb,
- On the concave side of this layer is located a thin transparent membranous peel of epidermal cell composed of a single layer of cells, using a blade cut a tiny square on this layer,
- using a tweezer peel off the cut epidermal layer,
- Transfer the peel on a glass light containing a drop of stain solution,
- Leave the peel in the stain for 2-3 minutes,
- Blot out the stain from the peel with paper strips and add a drop of glycerin or water to the peel,
- Gently lower a coverslip onto the peel making sure to avoid trapping any air bubbles
- Observe and study the onion peel under low and high power of microscope



B) Observation of Animal cells with methylene blue:

<u>Purpose:</u> examination with methylene blue allows to observe the cell shape and some organelles (especially nucleus and plasma membrane).

<u>Principle:</u> a temporary stained slide mount of cheek epithelial cells is observed between slide and coverslip.

Material:

- → Human cheek epithelial cells
- → Methylene blue stain solution
- \rightarrow Glass lights and coverlips.
- → Dropper
- \rightarrow cotton bud
- → Paper strips
- → Glycerin
- → Compound light microscope

Technique:

→ Take a cotton bud or use your fingernail and gently swab the inner wall of your cheek,

- \rightarrow Place the scraping on a glass light,
- \rightarrow Add a drop of methylene solution and allow cells to take stain for 2-3 minites,
- → Carefully blot out some amount of excess stain if necessary while making sure to avoid blotting out the cheek cells as much as possible,
- \rightarrow Add a drop of glycerin the slide,
- → Gently lower a coverslip on the specimen making sure to avoid trapping any air bubbles,
- \rightarrow Observe and study the slide under low and high power of microscope.

