## Practical Work 2 Vector manipulation

## Exercise 01: Basic Commands

| Define a row vector of size 5 and then a column vector of size 5 . How do you transform a row vector into a column vector? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { " } \\ & \text { " } \\ & \text { » } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| What do the following commands return? <br> - 0.1/1 <br> - linspace $(0,1,10)$ <br> - rand (1, 10) <br> - $\boldsymbol{\operatorname { s o r t }}(\boldsymbol{\operatorname { r a n d }}(1,10))$ |  |
| How to generate a row vector containing values from 4 to 6 spaced by 0.1 ? <br> How to generate a row vector containing 10 equally spaced values between 4 and 6 ? <br> How to generate a row vector containing 10 randomly spaced values between 4 and 6 ? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { " } \\ & \text { " } \\ & \text { " } \end{aligned}$ |
| How to ask Matlab for the size or nature of a vector or matrix? Explain the difference between the commands size and length. Toolbox: whos size length |  |
| Define a line vector A containing the following values: 10 , $3,4,2,6,11,7$ and 8 <br> Extract the fifth component of this vector What do the commands $\mathrm{A}(3: 4)$ and $\mathrm{A}(2: 6)$ return? | $\begin{aligned} & \hline » \\ & \text { » } \end{aligned}$ |
| We define the vectors $x=\left[\begin{array}{llll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4\end{array}\right.$ 5] and $y=\left[\begin{array}{llll}0 & 1 & 1 & 1 / 2\end{array}\right]$. <br> Test now the following commands: Explain what they return. <br> - $x^{*} y$ and $x .{ }^{*} y$ <br> - $\operatorname{sum}\left(x .{ }^{*} y\right)$ <br> - $y . / x$ and $x . / y$; What does the inf value mean? |  |

Exercise 2: Answer the questions below in a file named TP2_Exo2.m :

1. Create a column vector $\boldsymbol{V}$ of 5 elements linearly spaced between 2 and 3 .
2. Add two elements to the end of this vector with the value 0 .
3. Add 1 to the second and sixth elements of this vector.
4. Sort the new vector $\boldsymbol{V}$.
5. Create a second line vector $\boldsymbol{W}$ of the same dimension as the new vector $\boldsymbol{V}$ containing even integers greater than or equal to 6 .
6. Convert $\boldsymbol{W}$ to a column vector (name this vector $\boldsymbol{N}$ ).
7. Define a vector $\operatorname{SumV}=V+W$.
8. Calculate ProdVec the product of the two vectors $\boldsymbol{V}$ and $\boldsymbol{N}$.
9. What is the sum of the elements of SumVec? (use sum command).
10. What is the average of the elements of SumVec? (use the mean command).
11. Calculate the vector

$$
U=\frac{V^{2}+\sqrt[2]{W+1}}{V \times(N+1)}
$$

12. Calculate $\boldsymbol{m}$ the maximum of $\mathbf{U}$. (use max command).
13. Calculate $\boldsymbol{n}$ the minimum of $\mathbf{U}$. (use $\mathbf{m i n}$ command).

Working from home: questions 7 to 13.
\% MATLAB code: Vector manipulation

