

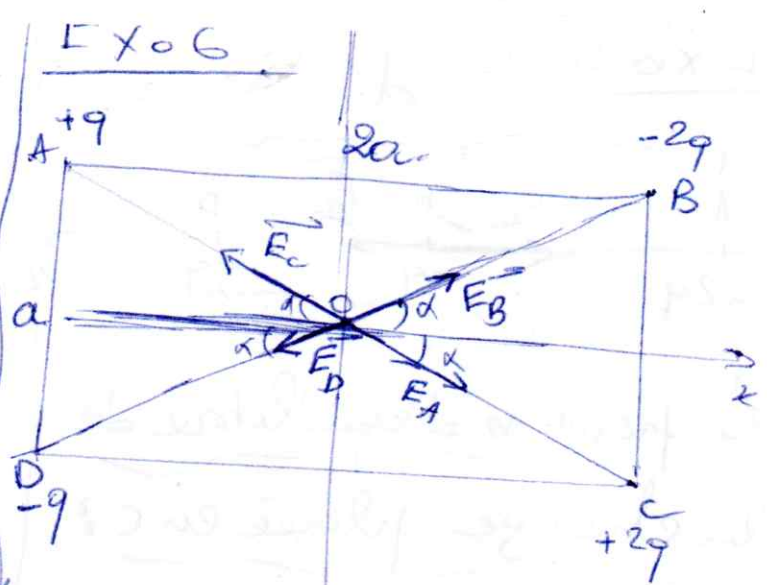
Le potentiel crée par ces deux charges au point M

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_M &= V_A + V_B \\
 &= \frac{kq_A}{(MA)} + \frac{kq_B}{(MB)} \\
 &= \frac{-kq}{\sqrt{(a^2+b^2)}} + \frac{kq}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = 0V
 \end{aligned}$$

La force électrostatique au point M

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{F}_M &= q_M \vec{E}_M = 2q \vec{E}_M \\
 &= 2q \left(\frac{-2kqa}{(a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} \right) \vec{i} \\
 &= \frac{-4kq^2 a}{(a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} \vec{i}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{F}_M \parallel = \frac{4kq^2 a}{(a^2+b^2)^{3/2}} \text{ N}$$



$$\vec{E}_O = \vec{E}_A + \vec{E}_B + \vec{E}_C + \vec{E}_D$$

$$\vec{E}_A = E_A (\cos \alpha \vec{i} - \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

$$\vec{E}_B = E_B (\cos \alpha \vec{i} + \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

$$\vec{E}_C = E_C (-\cos \alpha \vec{i} + \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

$$\vec{E}_D = E_D (-\cos \alpha \vec{i} - \sin \alpha \vec{j})$$

$$E_A = \frac{kq}{(OA)^2}, \quad E_B = \frac{2kq}{(OB)^2}, \quad E_C = \frac{2kq}{(OC)^2}$$

$$E_D = \frac{kq}{(OD)^2}$$

$$\text{on a: } OA = OB = OC = OD$$

$$= \sqrt{a^2 + \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{5}a}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow E_A = E_D, \quad E_B = E_C$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{a}{\frac{\sqrt{5}a}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{a/2}{\frac{\sqrt{5}a}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$$