

Equation de diffusion (chaleur) 1D instationnaire

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LMD : Energétique

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Détermination de la température $T(x, t)$ à travers l'épaisseur d'une plaque dont les extrémités sont maintenues à des températures constantes.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} T(x, t) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} T(x, t)$$

Conditions aux limites et initiale:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} T(0, t) &= \alpha, \\ T(1, t) &= \beta, \\ T(x, 0) &= \sigma \end{aligned}$$

Forme matricielle - Conditions de Neumann à gauche - Schéma explicite:

```
> Restart : with(LinearAlgebra) :
```

```
>
```

```
> i_max := 9; n_max := 15;
```

```
i_max := 9
```

```
n_max := 15
```

(1.1)

```
> N := i_max - 1;
```

```
N := 8
```

(1.2)

```
> for i from 2 to i_max - 1 do T[i, 0] := sigma end do;
```

```
T2,0 := sigma
```

```
T3,0 := sigma
```

```
T4,0 := sigma
```

```
T5,0 := sigma
```

$$T_{6,0} := \sigma$$

$$T_{7,0} := \sigma$$

$$T_{8,0} := \sigma$$

(1.3)

```
> for n from 0 to  $n_{\max}$  do  $T[i_{\max}, n] := \beta$  end do;
```

$$T_{9,0} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,1} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,2} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,3} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,4} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,5} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,6} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,7} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,8} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,9} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,10} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,11} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,12} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,13} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,14} := \beta$$

$$T_{9,15} := \beta$$

(1.4)

▼ Boucle principale

```
>  $n := n_{\max} - 1$  :  $k := 1$  :
```

```
>  $T[0, n] := T[2, n] - 2 \cdot \alpha \cdot \Delta x$  :
```

```
  for  $i$  from 1 to  $i_{\max} - 1$  do
```

```
     $Eq[k] := \lambda \cdot T[i - 1, n] + (1 - 2 \cdot \lambda) \cdot T[i, n] + \lambda \cdot T[i + 1, n]$   
     $= T[i, n + 1]$ ;
```

```
     $k := k + 1$  :
```

```
  end do;
```

```
>  $Eqs := [seq(Eq[k], k = 1 .. N)]$  :
```

```
>  $Tmps := [seq(T[i, n], i = 1 .. i_{\max} - 1)]$  :
```

```
>  $A, b := GenerateMatrix(Eqs, Tmps)$ ;
```

(1.1.1)

$$\left[\left[\left[\begin{array}{cccccccccc}
 1-2\lambda & 2\lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda & 0 \\
 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \lambda & 1-2\lambda & \lambda
 \end{array} \right] \right. \\
 \left. \left[\begin{array}{c}
 2\lambda\alpha\Delta x + T_{1,15} \\
 T_{2,15} \\
 T_{3,15} \\
 T_{4,15} \\
 T_{5,15} \\
 T_{6,15} \\
 T_{7,15} \\
 -\lambda\beta + T_{8,15}
 \end{array} \right] \right] \right] \quad (1.1.1)$$