

Equation de Laplace 2D

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2009/2010

Détermination de la température $T(x, y)$ à travers la surface d'une plaque rectangulaire ($a \times b$) dont les extrémités sont soumises à des (C.L.) de Dirichlet

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} T(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} T(x, y) = 0$$

Conditions aux limites (C.L):

$$\begin{aligned} T(x, 0) &= T_1, \\ T(x, b) &= T_2, \\ T(0, y) &= T_3, \\ T(a, y) &= T_4. \end{aligned}$$

Solution discrétisée (formulation en 5 points):

```
> Restart:  
> a := 1; b := 1; ndx := 3; ndy := 3  
          a := 1  
          b := 1  
          ndx := 3  
          ndy := 3  
>  
> imax := ndx + 1; jmax := ndy + 1;  
          imax := 4  
          jmax := 4
```

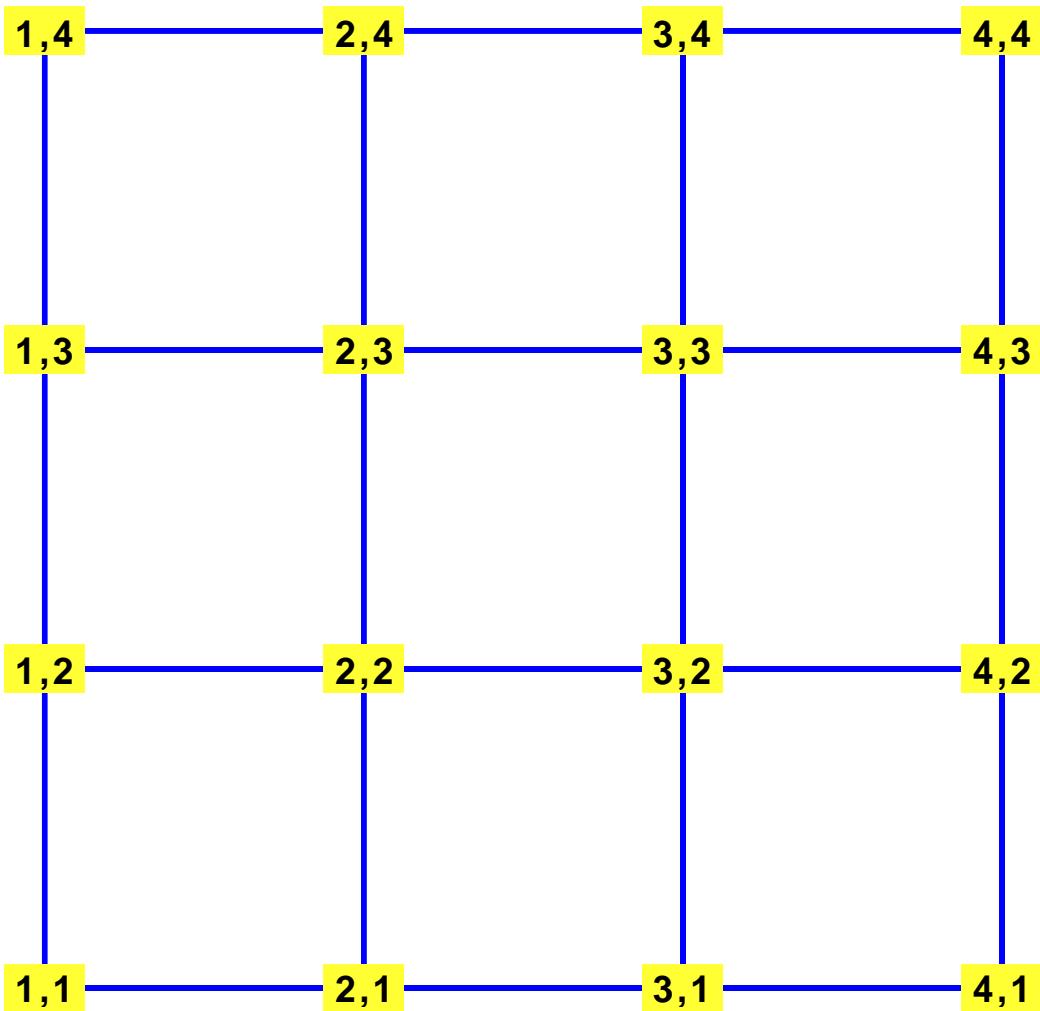
(1.1) (1.2)

Nombre d'équations:

```
> N := ( imax - 2 ) · ( jmax - 2 )  
N := 4  
(1.3)
```

Maillage:

```
> with( GraphTheory ) : with( SpecialGraphs ) :  
> G := GridGraph( imax, jmax )  
G := Graph 1: an undirected unweighted graph with 16 vertices and 24 edge(s)  
> DrawGraph( G )  
(1.4)
```



```
> k := 1  
k := 1  
(1.1.1)
```

Résolution pour les noeuds internes:

```
> for j from 2 to jmax - 1 do  
    for i from 2 to imax - 1 do  
        Eq[k] := T[i + 1, j] + T[i - 1, j] + β2 · (T[i, j + 1] + T[i, j - 1]) - 2 · (1  
        + β2) · T[i, j] = 0;  
        Temps[k] := T[i, j];  
        k := k + 1  
    end do;  
end do;
```

Écriture du système d'équations:

$$\begin{aligned}
&> \text{for } k \text{ from 1 to } N \text{ do } Eq[k] \text{ end do;} \\
&\quad T_{3,2} + T_{1,2} + \beta^2 (T_{2,3} + T_{2,1}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{2,2} = 0 \\
&\quad T_{4,2} + T_{2,2} + \beta^2 (T_{3,3} + T_{3,1}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{3,2} = 0 \\
&\quad T_{3,3} + T_{1,3} + \beta^2 (T_{2,4} + T_{2,2}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{2,3} = 0 \\
&\quad T_{4,3} + T_{2,3} + \beta^2 (T_{3,4} + T_{3,2}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{3,3} = 0
\end{aligned} \tag{1.1.2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&> Sys := [\text{seq}(Eq[i], i = 1 .. N)]; \\
&Sys := [T_{3,2} + T_{1,2} + \beta^2 (T_{2,3} + T_{2,1}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{2,2} = 0, T_{4,2} + T_{2,2} + \beta^2 (T_{3,3} \\
&\quad + T_{3,1}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{3,2} = 0, T_{3,3} + T_{1,3} + \beta^2 (T_{2,4} + T_{2,2}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{2,3} \\
&\quad = 0, T_{4,3} + T_{2,3} + \beta^2 (T_{3,4} + T_{3,2}) - 2(1 + \beta^2) T_{3,3} = 0]
\end{aligned} \tag{1.1.3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&> Var := [\text{seq}(Temps[i], i = 1 .. N)]; \\
&Var := [T_{2,2}, T_{3,2}, T_{2,3}, T_{3,3}]
\end{aligned} \tag{1.1.4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&> \text{with}(LinearAlgebra) : \\
&> A, b := \text{GenerateMatrix}(Sys, Var);
\end{aligned}$$

$$A, b := \left[\begin{array}{cccc} -2 - 2\beta^2 & 1 & \beta^2 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 - 2\beta^2 & 0 & \beta^2 \\ \beta^2 & 0 & -2 - 2\beta^2 & 1 \\ 0 & \beta^2 & 1 & -2 - 2\beta^2 \end{array} \right], \left[\begin{array}{c} -T_{1,2} - \beta^2 T_{2,1} \\ -T_{4,2} - \beta^2 T_{3,1} \\ -T_{1,3} - \beta^2 T_{2,4} \\ -T_{4,3} - \beta^2 T_{3,4} \end{array} \right] \tag{1.1.5}$$